

# Welcome to Croatia



# Marija Bistrica

Marija Bistrica is a village and municipality in the Krapina-Zagorje County in central Croatia, located on the slopes of the Medvednica mountain in the HrvatskoZagorje region north of the capital Zagreb.



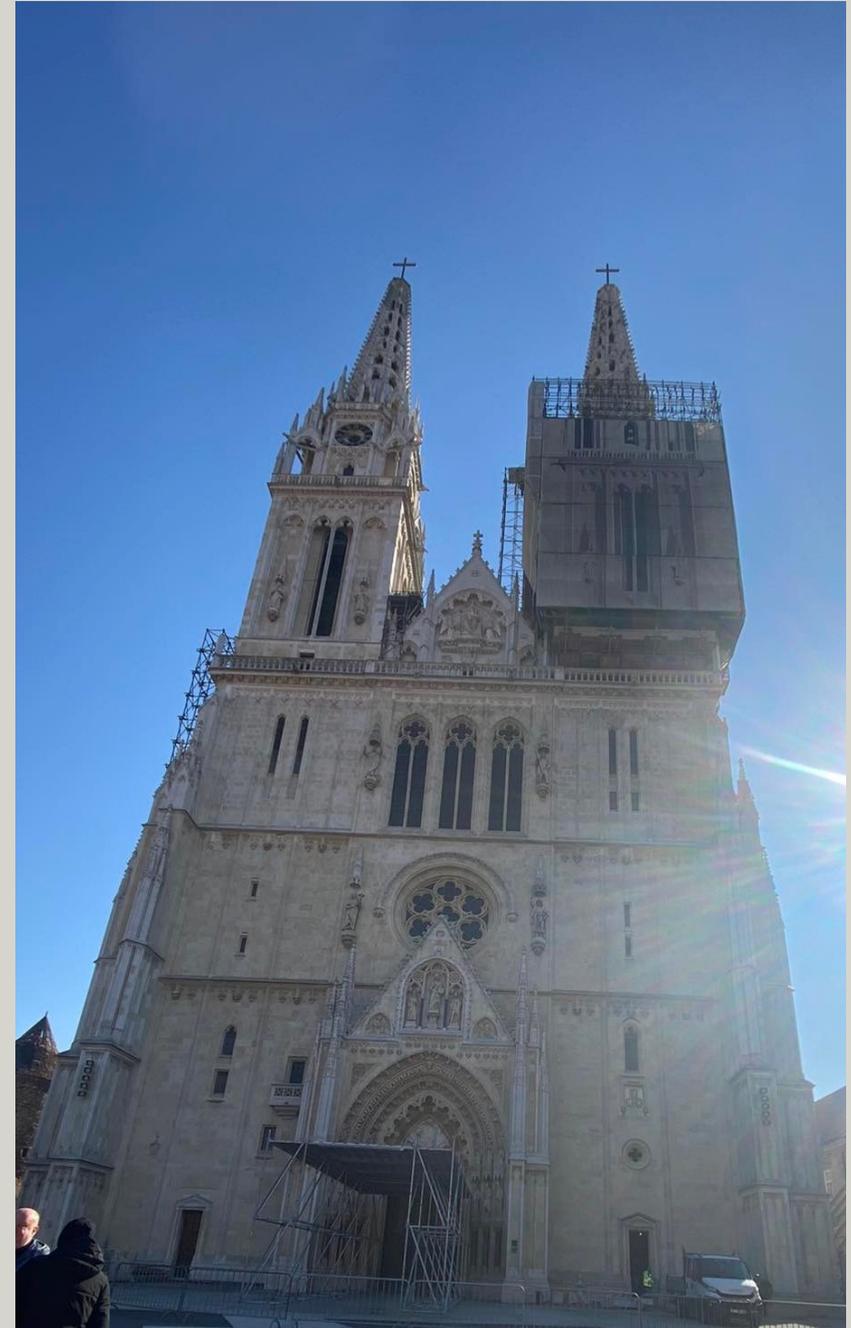
# St. Mark's Church

The Church of St. Mark is the parish church of old Zagreb, Croatia, located in St. Mark's Square. It is one of the oldest architectural monuments in Zagreb. Around the church there are the buildings of the Croatian Parliament and Croatian Government.



# Zagreb Cathedral

Zagreb Cathedral, on the Kaptol, is a Roman Catholic cathedral-church and not only the second tallest building in Croatia but also the most monumental sacral building in Gothic style southeast of the Alps. It is dedicated to the Assumption of Mary and to kings Saint Stephen and Saint Ladislaus. The cathedral is typically Gothic, as is its sacristy, which is of great architectural value.



# Krapina Neanderthal Museum

The Museum of Krapina

Neanderthals

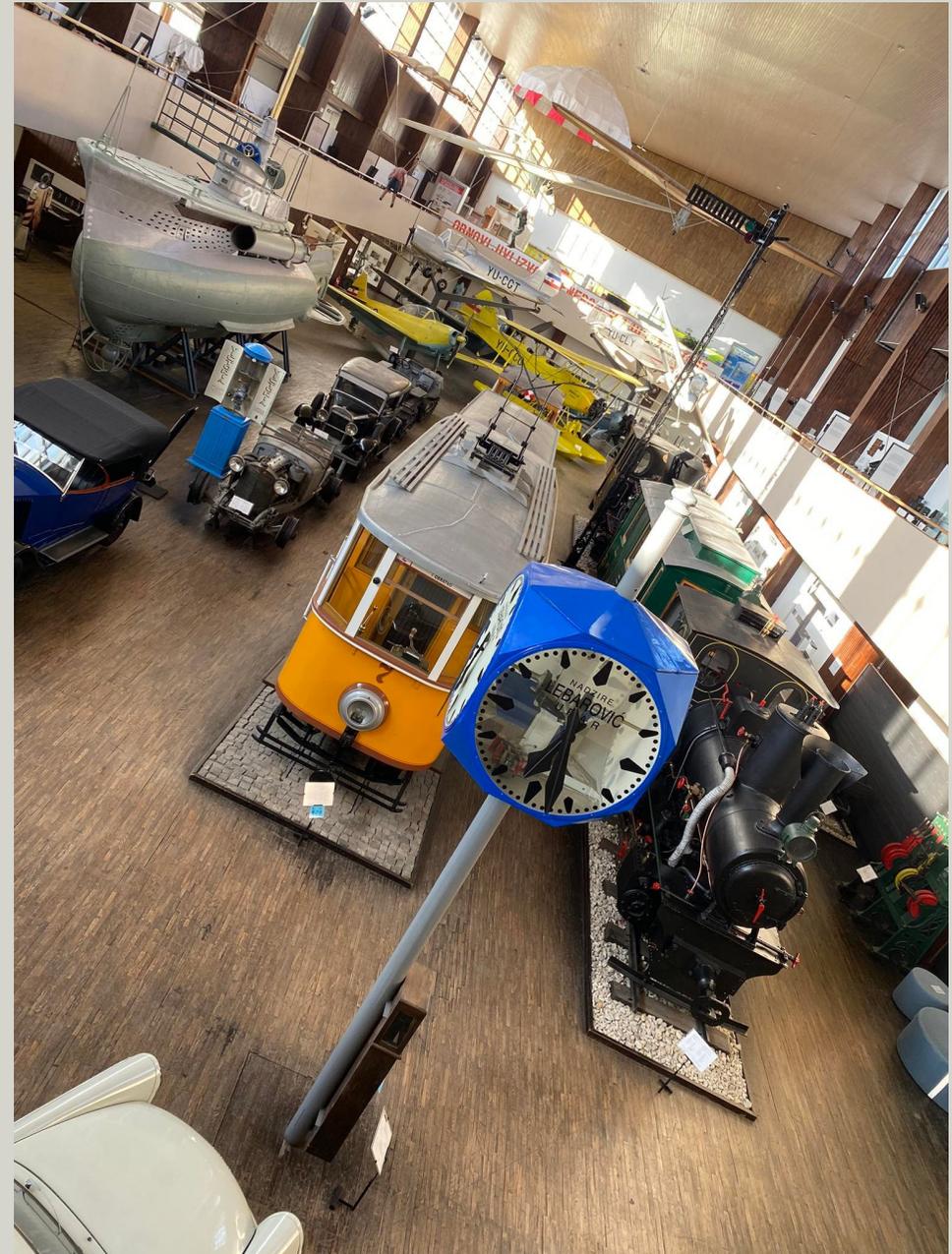
located at Krapina, next to the world's most famous Neanderthal man site. The site itself is protected as the first paleontological natural monument in Croatia. The new museum was inaugurated on February 27,

2010.



# Nikola Tesla Technical Museum

The Nikola Tesla Technical Museum is a technology museum located in Zagreb, Croatia, which collects and showcases scientific and technical appliances used in the country's history. It exhibits numerous historic aircraft, cars, machinery and equipment.



# Museum of the ilusion

This museum is located on Ilica Street in the city center. After visiting all the important places in Zagreb, you should definitely come visit this wonderful place as well.



# The Stone Gate

The Stone Gate is one of the best preserved monuments of old Zagreb. It is a building built on a rectangular plan, with a tower with a tent roof. An interesting feature of the Zagreb gate is that the gates at both ends are not facing each other. The outer doors face north, while the inner doors open to the west. The Stone Gate is part of the former city wall system of Gradec, the oldest part of Zagreb. It is also the only surviving one of the four gates originally built around the old town of the Croatian capital.

